



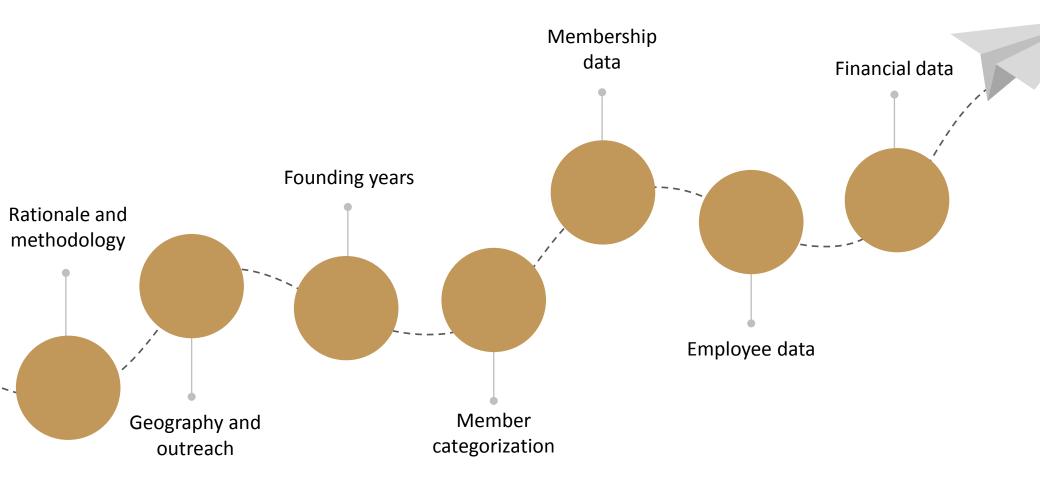
ICBA MEMBERS TODAY: HOW DO THEY CONTRIBUTE AND REPORT ON SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT?

ICBA members' profile

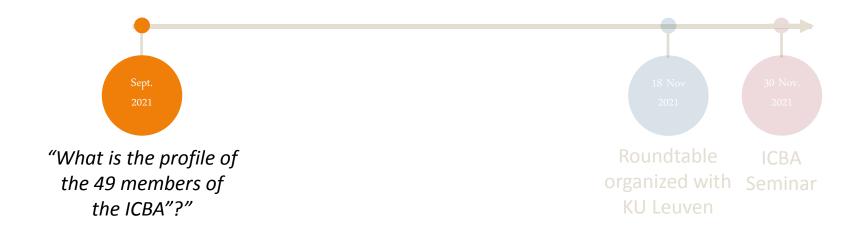
November 30th | World Cooperative Congress | Seoul Nazik Beishenaly & Rubiga Sivakumaran

Presentation outline

ICBA MEMBERS
TODAY: HOW DO THEY
CONTRIBUTE AND
REPORT ON
SUSTAINABLE
DEVELOPMENT?



Rationale and methodology



Rationale and Methodology

General information

- Year of establishment
- Country
- Region

Outreach

- Number of members
- Number of local banks
- Number of countries in which active
- Financials
- Total assets
- Average RoE
- Credit rating
- Credit portfolio
- Employees
- Number of employees
- Gender inclusion

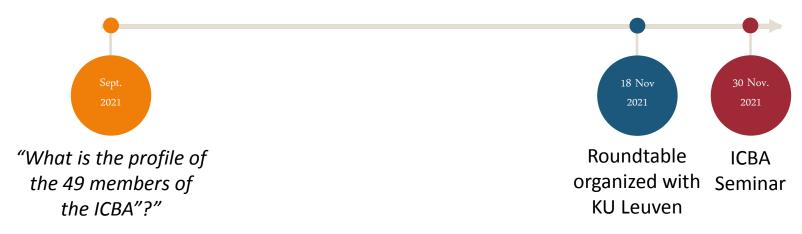
Legal

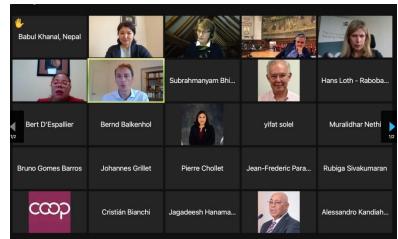
Legal status of the institution



- Desk research (annual/financial reports; websites;
 ICA database)
- 2020 data

Rationale and methodology





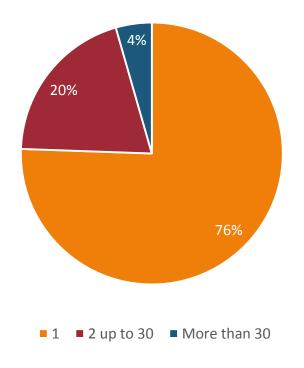
ICBA members are spread across four regions



Available data: 49 out of 49

Most members remain local

% of members active in respective number of countries



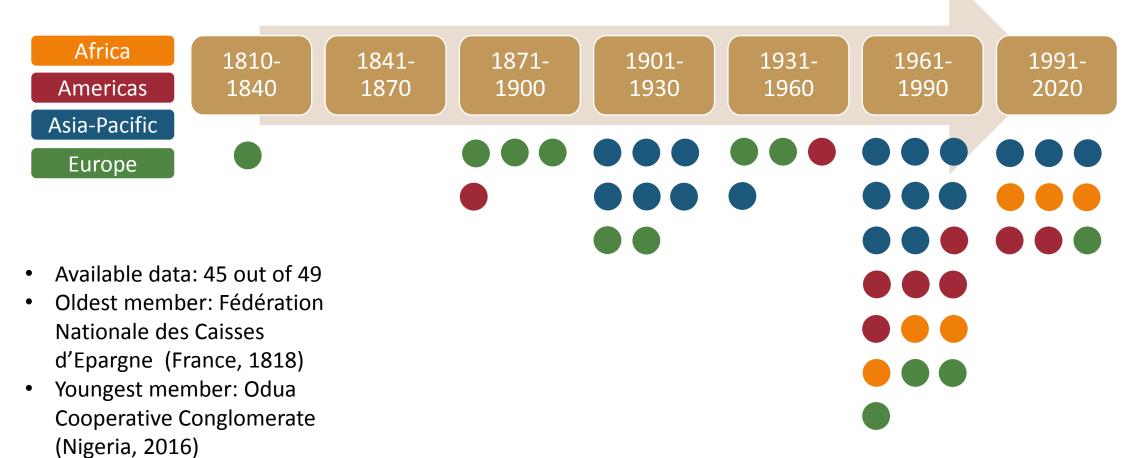
Types of activities abroad:

1 Business purposes

2 International development

Available data: 46 out of 49

Members are founded over the course of almost two hundred years



Diversity of ICBA members

1. Financial cooperative groups

• Institutions that are directly serving individual members with financial services.

2. Apex organizations of the CFIs

• Representative or overarching bodies that comprise financial cooperatives. Institutions in this group do not serve individual members directly.

3. National apex organizations

 Representative or overarching bodies that comprise both financial and other types of cooperatives. As goes for group 2, institutions in this group do not serve individual members directly.

Categorization of ICBA members

GROUP 1: financial cooperative groups (20)

- Co-operative Bank of Kenya Ltd (CBK)
- ACAC
- COOPEUCH Ltda. Cooperativa de Ahorro y Crédito
- Cooperativa Universitaria Ltda.
- Cyprus Turkish Co-operative Central Bank Ltd. (KoopBank)
- Crédit Coopératif
- Confédération Nationale du Crédit Mutuel
- Cooperative Mortgage Bank Ltd
- Banco Credicoop Cooperativo Ltd. (BCCL)
- Central Cooperative Bank Plc (CCB)
- Rabobank
- Aurora Integrated Multipurpose Cooperative (AIMCooP)
- Cooperative Bank of Oromia
- Odua Cooperative Conglomerate Ltd (OCCL)
- Buldana Urban Co-operative Credit Society Ltd. (BUCCS)
- DesJardins
- Union Cooperative de Credit Agricole et Rural d'Haiti (UNICAGRIH)
- Network Consolidated Cooperative Bank (NCCB)
- Coop FR (Credit Agricole)
- Fédération Nationale des Caisses d'Epargne (FNCE)

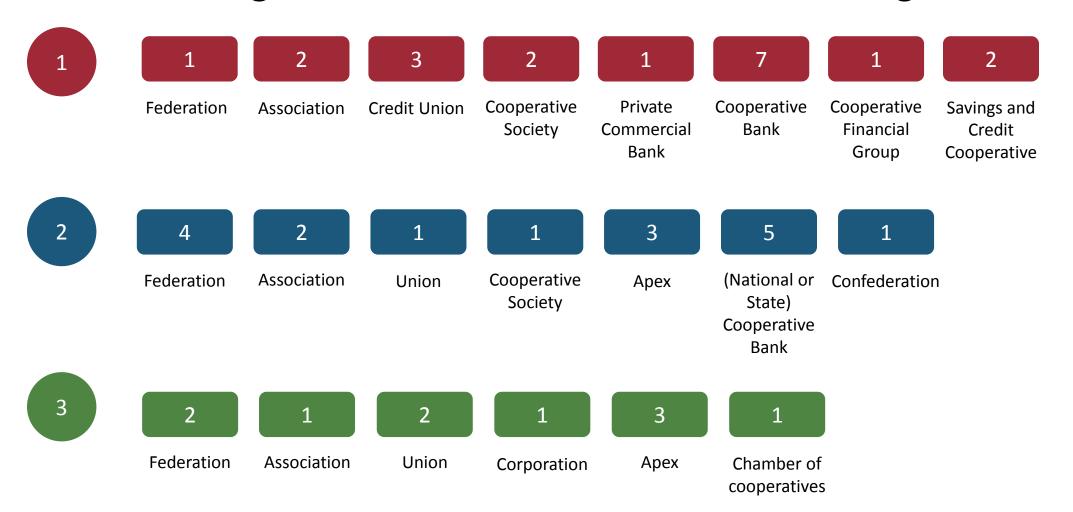
Group 2: Apex organizations of the CFIs (18)

- The Norinchukin Bank
- National Cooperative Bank (NCB)
- National Co-operative Agriculture & Rural Development Banks' Federation Ltd. (NAFCARD)
- National Federation of State Co-operative Banks Ltd. (NAFSCOB)
- SANASA Federation Ltd in Sri Lanka
- Association of Asian Confederations of Credit Unions (ACCU)
- Union Of Savings & Credit Co-operatives Ltd. (KUSCCO)
- European Association Of Co-operative Banks (EACB)
- DGRV Deutscher Genossenschafts- und Raiffeisenverband e. V.
- Caribbean Confederation of Credit Unions (CCCU)
- Jamaica Co-operative Credit Union League (JCCUL)
- Bangladesh Samabaya Bank Limited (BSBL)
- Federazione Italiana delle Banche di Credito Cooperativo (Federcasse)
- The Karnataka State Cooperative Apex Bank Ltd
- The Talangana State Cooperative Bank Ltd
- The Delhi State Cooperative Bank Ltd
- Andhra Pradesh State Cooperative Bank Ltd (APCOB)
- National Federation of Urban Cooperative Banks and Credit Societies Ltd

Group 3: National apex organizations (11)

- Instituto Movilizador De Fondos Cooperativos, Cooperativa Ltda. (IMFC)
- National Co-operative Union of India (NCUI)
- Malaysian National Cooperative Movement (ANGKASA)
- National Cooperative Council NCC
- Ukranian Central Union of Consumer Societies (UKRKOOPSPILKA)
- Iran Chamber of Cooperatives (ICC)
- National Co-operative Development Corporation (NCDC)
- MASS-SPECC Cooperative Development Center
- Alliance Coopératives Cameroun (COOP-CAMEROON)
- Somali Union Co-operative Movement (UDHIS)
- Barbados Co-operative Business Association (BCBAL)

Various legal statuses occur across categories

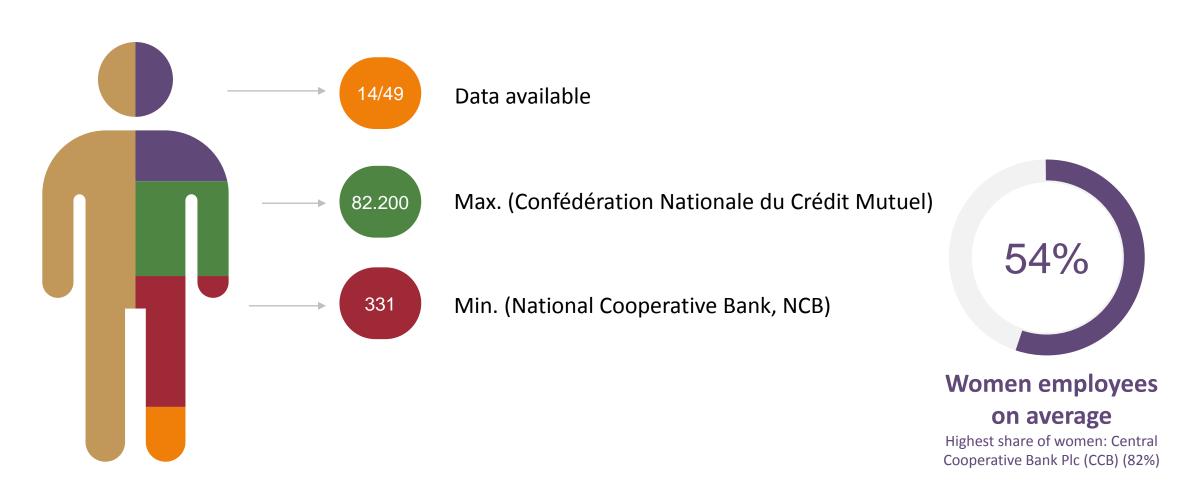


Available data: 46 out of 49

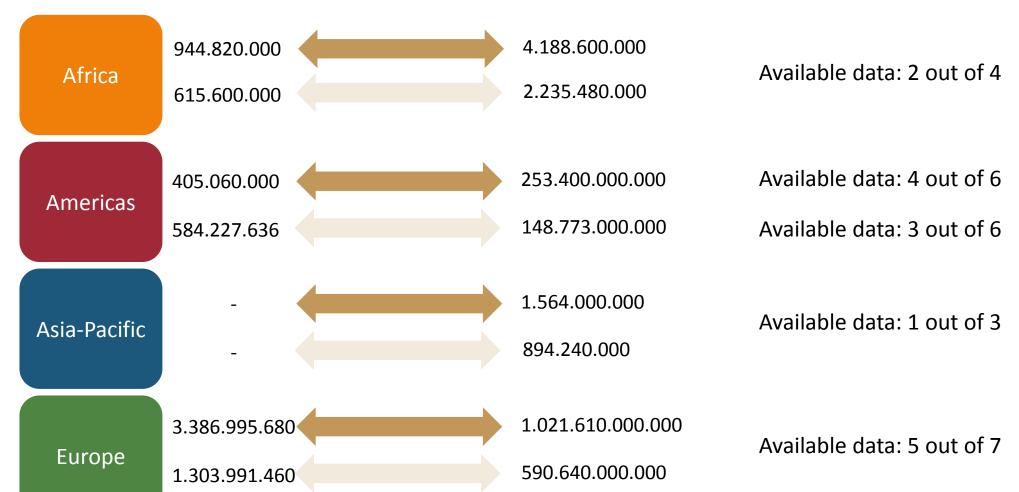
The number of members varies both across and within categories

	Group 1	Group 2	Group 3
Available data	12 out of 20	8 out of 18	8 out of 11
Minimum	28.700.000 individual members (Credit Agricole)	15 regional federations (Federazione Italiana delle Banche di Credito Cooperativo, Federcasse)	6 unions (both Somali Union Co-operative Movement, UDHIS and Barbados Co-operative Business Association, BCBAL)
Maximum	99.070 individual members (Crédit Coopératif)	32.742 primary cooperatives (Association of Asian Confederations of Credit Unions, ACCU)	15.817 cooperative institutions (National Cooperative Development Corporation, NCDC)

ICBA members generally have a considerate approach towards women inclusion in employees



Financials for ICBA members in group 1 in EUR



Assets

Credit Portfolio





ICBA MEMBERS TODAY: HOW DO THEY CONTRIBUTE AND REPORT ON SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT?

ICBA webinar Seoul, 30 November 2021 COOPERATIVES AND THE SDGs

• CFIs AND THE SDGs

• ICBA AND ITS MEMBERS

WHAT ARE THE SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS?

- A "process of change": "development involves a progressive transformation of economy and society" (Brundtland, 1987).
- A shared blueprint for peace and prosperity for people and the planet
- Call for action at all levels
- A global reporting framework

The 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development



1992

The Earth Summit in Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, more than 178 countries adopted Agenda 21, a plan of action to build a global partnership for sustainable development.

2002

The World Summit on Sustainable Development in South Africa reaffirmed the global community's commitments to poverty eradication and the environment.

2013

The UN General Assembly set up the Open Working Group on the SDGs.

















2000

The Millennium Summit Declaration at UN Headquarters in New York: eight Millennium Development Goals (MDGs).

2012

The United Nations Conference on Sustainable Development (Rio+20) in Rio de Janeiro, Brazil. Member States adopted the outcome document "The Future We Want" to develop the SDGs.

2015

Post-2015 development agenda culminated in the adoption of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, with 17 SDGs and other major agreements













COOPERATIVES DRIVING CHANGE (ICA study,

2021) DRIVERS&

ENABLERS

ACTIVITIES

OUTPUTS

EXTERNAL ENABLERS

INTERNAL **DRIVERS**

CORFACTIVITIES

ACCESS to Housing, Healthcare and Insurance services, Renewable energy, Finance, Consumer goods and services

> ACTION: Income-generating activities, Sustainable Agriculture, Sustainable production and consumption, Environment, Coop-to-coop

> > ADVANCE: Women, Youth, Cooperatives, Education and training, Community

SUPPORT ACTIVITIES

COMMITMENT: Awareness, Policy research and expertise

> COMMUNICATION: Policy advocacy and Events

> > COLLABORATION: Events and R.

artnerships

Economic

Poverty reduction Social entrepreneurship

Financial inclusion

Local development

Fair trade

Sustainable agricultue

Employment and decent work

Social

Social capital & Collective action

Inclusion: gender, disabled, vulnerable indigenous people

Education and training

Peacebuilding

Social innovations: platforms, sustainab

Environmental

Sustainable/Green finance

Sustainable management of natural

Sustainable and smart agriculture

Protecting environment and climate: renewable energy cooperatives, waste picker cooperatives, etc.

Institutional

Coop-to-coop cooperation Partnerships with international

development actors Collaboration with government

Governance and decision-making



































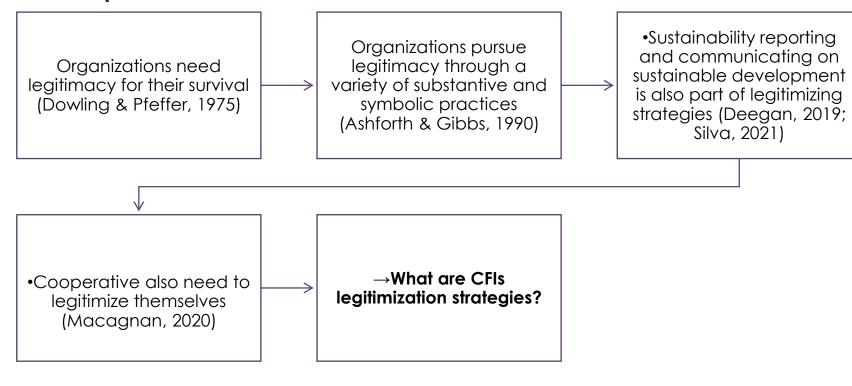




Conceptual and methodological framework

Objective: Explore how CFIs contribute to the SDGs, report and communicate on them

Conceptual framework:



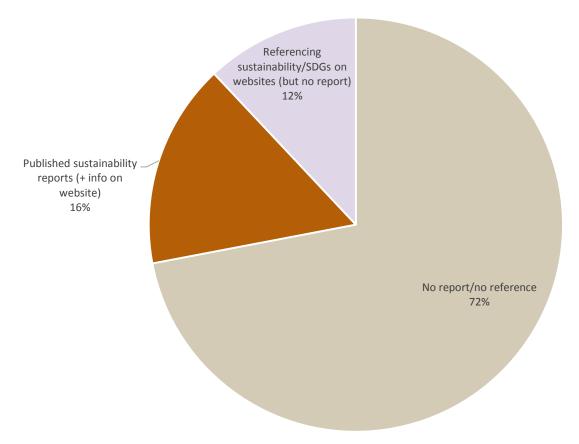
Methodological approach:

- Qualitative content analysis (Birmingham, Wilkinson, 2003)
- Data sources: Individual in-depth interviews (13/50)
- ICBA members sustainability reports during 2020-2021 (8/50)

DIFFERENCES IN THE APPROACHES TO SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT REPORTING AND COMMUNICATION

From Sustainability reports (2020-2021) of ICBA members

ICA members and the SDGs



Why communicate on the SDGs?

Some push factors: members, values and principles, clients, increased awareness of employees, management, ICA communication on the SDGs.

Some pull factors: government requirements, market, SDG policies and communication, other banks, donors, partners, society, awareness on gender equality, climate change and other sustainability issues

"Sustainability issues in the AFF industries become more grave with each passing year. The Norinchukin Bank recognizes that these issues go to the foundation of our businesses" (Norinchukin Bank Sustainability Report, 2021).

DIVERSITY OF SDG REPORTING STRATEGIES

From Sustainability reports (2020-2021) of ICBA members



"At Desjardins, we help build sustainable communities across Canada and around the world by growing local economies, supporting businesses, creating good jobs, training directors and working towards the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals" (Desjardins Group, Social and Cooperative Responsibility Report, 2020)

Enablers and Drivers of CFI contributions to the SDGs

From Sustainability reports (2020-2021) and interview results ICBA members

EXTERNAL ENABLERS

Policies and external processes

- Regulatory framework
- Market
- Climate change
- Digitalisation

INTERNAL DRIVERS

Cooperative nature and significance

- Number & weight
- Member-owned
- Community-embeddedness & proximity
- Cooperative principles
- Democratic governance
- Long-term perspective

Cooperatives and the SDGs CFIs and the SDGs ICBA and its members

HOW DO CFIs CONTRIBUTE TO THE SDGS? From Sustainability reports (2020-2021) of ICBA members

SOCIAL

- Supporting local communities
- Promoting financial inclusion
- Improving employee wellbeing and health
- Investing in education
- Advancing gender equality

ECONOMIC

- Providing access to finance
- Supporting local economic development
- Access to finance for SMEs, agricultural producers and vulnerable social groups
- Creating jobs and promoting decent work

ENVIRONMENTAL

- Engaging in green and sustainable finance
- Reducing environmental footprint

INSTITUTIONAL

- •Integrating environment and climate issues in business strategies and policies
- Building partnerships

COOPERATIVE

- Satisfying member needs
- Promoting cooperative values and principles
- Coop-to-coop cooperation

HOW DO CFIS CONTRIBUTE TO THE SDGS?

Interview results ICBA members

Social

- Supporting local communities
- Promoting financial inclusion
- Investing in education
- Advancing gender equality

Economic

- Providing access to finance:
 - Supporting local economic development
 - Access to finance for SMEs, agricultural producers and vulnerable social groups
- · Creating jobs and decent work

Environmental

- Green and sustainable finance
- Responsible consumption

INSTITUTIONAL

- Integrating in business strategies
- Building partnerships

Cooperative

- Members needs
- Coop-to-coop cooperation

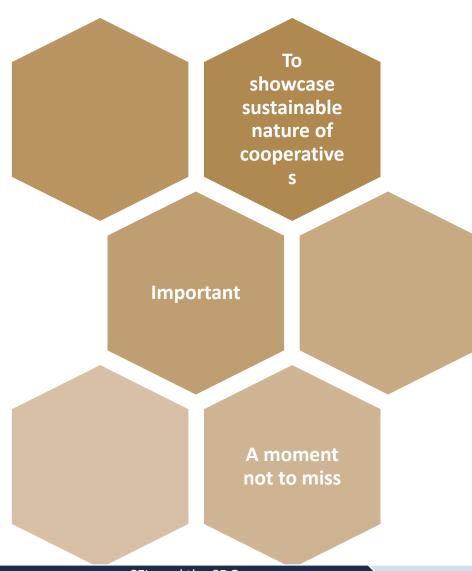
'Our roots in the agricultural sector, which is also closely associated with climate change and farming and food. So in that respect, not the cooperative nature, but the roots could be an advantage in transition'

'The issue of people's equality is also very important, diversity in general, and the question of people's equality, among others, there are also measures that are very concrete. We have quantified ambitions, to bring more women to boards of directors, to management positions, also to ensure that the offer of services meets the needs of women, at all levels, equality of people is very important'

Sustainability reporting: opportunities and challenges

Interview results ICBA members

Opportunities



Cooperatives and the SDGs CFIs and the SDGs ICBA and its member

Measuring and •"how much we have done, how much impact we have created is not measured accurately. That is the main problem. I can not give you any numbers beyond how many families we have identifying financed, how many pump systems we have financed, how many farms we have developed. How indicators it really contributed to these SDGs, that I number am unable to give you."; 'There are a lot of things they are doing, but they are not really keen on submitting reports, **Collecting data** document reports, so that's really our problem' "Accurate figures are not available at any time." 'we have a reporting system. But my reporting system, I am telling you, it is not a very perfect one' Prove the 'how can we prove a specific cooperative element there (...) Because if we look around it is also, other companies can be also more socially responsible' cooperative 'element' 'I think it's important that the international cooperative community, financial community, tries to show the distinction and the difference. And that can be done with some reporting' **Getting internal** 'it's not that everybody is well aware of SDGs'; endorsement 'How do I get the executive directors on board or not on these issues and the employees as

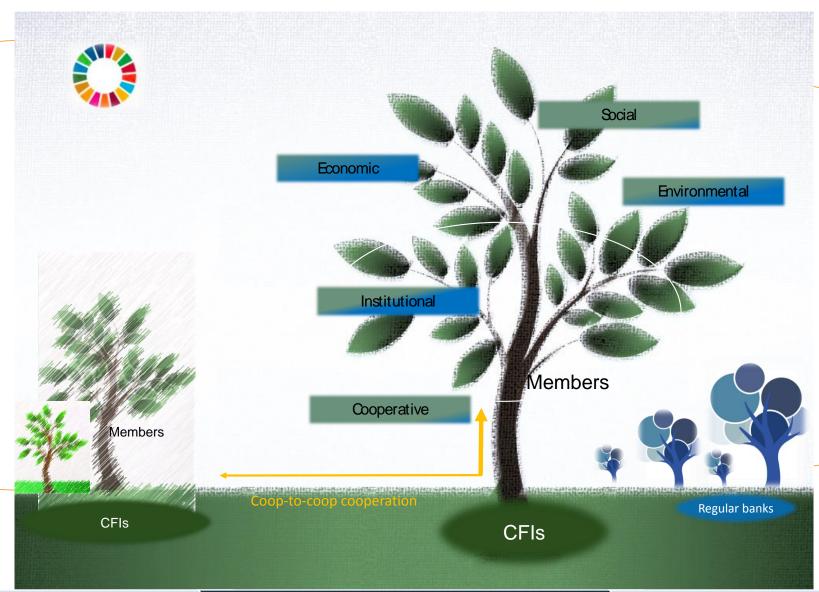
well?'

...but also challenges

Cooperatives and the SDGs CFIs and the SDGs ICBA and its member

TWO-PACED APPROACH TO SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

What is the cooperative advantage in sustainable development?



How to make visible CFI sustainable impact at a global level?

Cooperatives and the SDGs CFIs and the SDGs ICBA and its member

Competition with banks and fintech

• 'if we are entering a market space where in-person relationships don't matter much, then cooperatives are going, I think, will have a harder time competing. Also fintech requires a huge amount of capital to continue the research and development to, you know, to stay at a cutting edge'

Preserving cooperative identity of CFIs

- •'Are cooperative banks different animals in the banking zoo compared to all the other banks?'
- •'show in a credible way that financial cooperatives are a better solution, to the challenges we face, particularly climate, inequality, (...) the systemic racism, you know, we are very focused on, it would be helpful'

COVID-19

•'Actually we have stopped the expansion. Because of Corona the last two years we are not doing any expansion (...) regulatory guidelines are also very stringent nowadays'

Regulatory

• 'First general regulatory challenge because it's getting more more more ... and more densely regulated and that will be, we'll see also consolidation processes for the smaller ones, or smaller banks increasingly disappearing'

Diversity

• 'You have cooperative banks of very different size and very different group structures, that we have. But we also have, in some countries, credit unions, credit cooperatives";

ICBA and its members: Main issues faced by **ICBA** members



Enhancing coopcoop cooperation

Financial support
Technology sharing
Business partnership



Preserving the cooperative difference

Cooperative identity of CFIs



Knowledge and information sharing

Knowledge sharing
Exchange of best practices



Adressing jointly the SDGs

Guidance on sustainability reporting



Policy and regulatory

Generating evidence Policy and advocacy Thank you!